

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product name

PARKETOLIT PR50



chemius.net/LUaed

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Relevant identified uses

One component polyurethane coating with organic solvents

Uses advised against

No information.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Manufacturer

MITOL, tovarna lepil, d.o.o., Sežana
Address: Partizanska c. 78 Sežana, Slovenia
Phone: +386 5 73 12 300
Fax: +386 5 73 12 390
E-mail: lilijana.kocjan@mitol.si
Point of contact for safety info: Lilijana Kocjan Žorž

1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

112

+386 5 73 12 300 (8:00-16:00)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Tox. 4; H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Causes skin irritation.
Skin Sens. 1; H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Resp. Sens. 1; H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
STOT SE 3; H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Carc. 2; H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
STOT RE 2; H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated inhalation.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]



Signal word: **Danger**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated inhalation.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

2.2.2. Contains:

xylene (CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7, Index: 601-022-00-9)

isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)) (CAS: 53862-89-8)

polymeric MDI (CAS: 9016-87-9)

reaction mass of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate

2.2.3. Special provisions

MDI notice

Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product. Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product. This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

Persons who have problems with sensitivity of the airways (asthma, chronic bronchitis), should avoid contact with the product.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. SUBSTANCES

For mixtures see 3.2.

3.2. MIXTURES

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Name	CAS EC Index	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)	Specific Conc. Limits	REACH Registration No.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	- 905-562-9 -	30-70	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373		01-2119555267-33
xylene [C]	1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9	30-70	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373		01-2119488216-32
isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl))	53862-89-8 - -	40-45	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 STOT SE 3; H335 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373		-
polymeric MDI	9016-87-9 - -	20-25	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 STOT SE 3; H335 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373		-
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4 601-023-00-4	9-21	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 (hearing organs)		-

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Name	CAS EC Index	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)	Specific Conc. Limits	REACH Registration No.
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate [C]	101-68-8 202-966-0 615-005-00-9	5-10	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 STOT SE 3; H335 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373	Skin Irrit. 2; H315: C ≥ 5 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334: C ≥ 0,1 % STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 5 %	01-2119457014-47
o-xylene [C]	95-47-6 202-422-2 601-022-00-9	2,5-5	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Acute Tox. 4; H332		-
reaction mass of 4,4'- methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and o-(pisocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate	- - -	1-2,5	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 STOT SE 3; H335 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373		01-2119457015-45
toluene	108-88-3 203-625-9 601-021-00-3	<1	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 2; H373		-

Notes for substances:

C Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.
In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

General notes

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place patient in recovery position and ensure airway patency. Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation is required at least 48 hours after the event. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Following inhalation

Remove patient to fresh air - move out of dangerous area. If victim is not breathing give artificial respiration. In case of difficulty breathing, give oxygen to the victim. If symptoms develop and persist, seek medical attention.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Following skin contact

Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected skin areas thoroughly with plenty of water and soap. Rinse with a polyglycol-based skin cleanser or corn oil. Wash contaminated clothes and shoes before reuse. If symptoms develop and persist, seek medical attention.

Following eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with running water, keeping eyelids apart. After 5 minutes of rinsing, remove contact lenses, if present, and continue rinsing. If irritation persists, seek professional medical attention.

Following ingestion

Do not induce vomiting! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately consult a doctor. Show the physician the safety data sheet or label.

4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Inhalation

Harmful.
Coughing, sneezing, nasal discharge, labored breathing.
Intoxication, vertigo, headache, nausea.
Prolonged inhalation of vapours can cause lung injury.

Skin contact

Harmful.
Itching, redness, pain.
May cause sensitisation by skin contact (symptoms: itching, redness, rashes).

Eye contact

Redness, tearing, pain.

Ingestion

May cause nausea/vomiting and diarrhea.
May cause abdominal discomfort.
Irritates mucous membranes in the mouth, throat, esophagus and in gastrointestinal area.

4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

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SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam.
Carbon dioxide (CO₂).
Fire extinguishing powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet. Water.

5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Hazardous combustion products

In case of heating harmful vapours/gases can be generated. In the event of fire the following can be generated: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂).
Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).
Metallic oxides.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

5.3. ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Protective actions

Cool containers at risk with water spray. If possible remove containers from endangered area. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Prolonged heating can cause an explosion. The reaction with water produces CO₂, which can cause a dangerous increase in pressure, if contaminated containers are closed again. Closed containers may explode if they are overheated.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Firefighters should wear appropriate protective clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) (EN 469) and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece (EN 137).

Additional information

Contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the regulations; do not allow to reach the sewage system. Contaminated firefighting water and fire residues must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment (Section 8).

Emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition and/or heat; No smoking! Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Protect from open fire and other possible sources of ignition. Remove all unauthorized persons upwind to a safe distance. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Prevent access to unprotected personnel. Prevent access to unauthorised personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Use personal protective equipment.

6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Do not allow product to reach water/drains/sewage systems or permeable soil. If accidental large entry into water or ground occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

6.3.1. For containment

Dam the spillage.

6.3.2. For cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Neutralize the product (with decontaminative solution), Cover the spillage with decontamination solution for isocyanates (90% water, 8% ammonia, 2% detergent) and leave 10 minutes to react or pour with water and leave more than 30 minutes to react. The contaminated area should be cleaned with the following solution: 5% -10% sodium carbonate and 0,2-2% of liquid soap in water. Absorb product (with inert material), collect it in special container and dispose it to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor. Collect in a suitable container and dispose in accordance with the methods under Section 13. Do not absorb spillage with sawdust or other combustible material. In case of major contamination, the contaminated soil layer should be removed. Test for isocyanate vapours before allowing personnel into the area.

6.3.3. Other information

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6.4. REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS

See also Sections 8 and 13.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

7.1.1. Protective measures

Measures to prevent fire

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. Use spark-proof tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Vapours and air form explosive mixtures. Ensure proper grounding of the equipment.

Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation

Use general or local exhaust ventilation to prevent inhaling vapours and aerosols.

Measures to protect the environment

Do not discharge into drains, surface water and soil. After use immediately close container tightly.

7.1.2. Advice on general occupational hygiene

Use good personal hygiene practices – wash hands at breaks and when done working with material. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours/mist. Remove contaminated clothes and wash them before reuse. People with sensitive skin should not come into contact with the product. Before entering the dining room it is necessary to replace contaminated clothing.

7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

7.2.1. Technical measures and storage conditions

Keep in cool and well ventilated area. Protect from open fire, heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle and open the container carefully. Flammable mixtures may be formed in empty containers. Empty containers may still contain explosive vapors and are therefore considered as hazardous waste. Keep away from oxidising substances. Store in a closed and properly labeled containers away from strong oxidising agents. Storage temperature: +5 - 25 °C. Keep away from moisture and water.

7.2.2. Packaging materials

Store only in original container.

7.2.3. Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Close opened containers after use. Put the containers upright to prevent from leaking.

7.2.4. Storage class

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7.2.5. Further information on storage conditions

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7.3. SPECIFIC END USE(S)

Recommendations

Do not use compressed air during filling, emptying or handling.

Industrial sector specific solutions

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

8.1.1. Occupational exposure limit values

Name (CAS)	Limit values		Short-term exposure limit		Remarks	Biological Tolerance Values
	ml/m ³ (ppm)	mg/m ³	ml/m ³ (ppm)	mg/m ³		
Toluene (108-88-3)	50	191	100	384	Sk	
Xylene, o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers (1330-20-7)	50	220	100	441	Sk, BMGV	650 mmol methyl hippuric acid/mol creatinine in urine - Post shift
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	100	441	125	552	Sk	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	100	442			Europe ILV (Indicati	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	100	440			TWA, Germany	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	100	440			TWA, SI OEL	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)		0,07			STEL, EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Skin sensitiser. (as NCO) 15 minute(s).	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)		0,05			TWA	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)		0,02			TWA, EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Skin sensitiser. (as NCO) 8 hour(s).	

8.1.2. Information on monitoring procedures

BS EN 14042:2003 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. BS EN 482:2012+A1:2015 Workplace exposure. General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents. BS EN 689:2018 Workplace exposure. Measurement of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents. Strategy for testing compliance with occupational exposure limit values.

8.1.3. DNEL/DMEL values

For components

Name	Type	Exposure route	Exposure frequency	Value	Remark
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	Worker	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	221 mg/m ³	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	Worker	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	442 mg/m ³	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	Worker	dermal	short term (systemic effects)	3182 mg/kg bw/day	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	65,3 mg/m ³	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	260 mg/m ³	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	Consumer	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	1872	

SAFETY DATA SHEET

reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	Consumer	oral	long term (systemic effects)	12,5	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Worker	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	289 mg/m ³	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Worker	inhalation	short term (local effects)	289 mg/m ³	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Worker	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	180 mg/kg	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Worker	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	77 mg/m ³	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	174 mg/m ³	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (local effects)	174 mg/m ³	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Consumer	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	108 mg/kg	
xylene (1330-20-7)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	14,8 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	14,8 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Consumer	oral	long term (systemic effects)	1,6 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Worker	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	180 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Worker	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	77 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Worker	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	289 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Consumer	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	108 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	174 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (local effects)	174 mg/m ³	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Worker	dermal	short term (systemic effects)	50 mg/kg	24 h
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Worker	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	0,1 mg/m ³	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Worker	dermal	short term (systemic effects)	28,7 mg/cm ²	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Worker	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	0,1 mg/m ³	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Worker	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	0,05 mg/m ³	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Worker	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	0,05 mg/m ³	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Consumer	dermal	short term (systemic effects)	25 mg/kg	mg/kg per day
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	0,05 mg/m ³	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Consumer	oral	short term (systemic effects)	20 mg/kg	mg/kg per day
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Consumer	dermal	short term (local effects)	17,2 mg/cm ²	

SAFETY DATA SHEET

'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (local effects)	0,05 mg/m ³	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	0,025 mg/m ³	systemic
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (local effects)	0,025 mg/m ³	

8.1.4. PNEC values

For components

Name	Exposure route	Value	Remark
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	fresh water	0,25 mg/L	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	marine water	0,25 mg/L	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	fresh water sediment	14,33 mg/kg	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-)	soil	2,41 mg/kg	
xylene (1330-20-7)	fresh water	0,327 mg/L	
xylene (1330-20-7)	marine water	0,327 mg/L	
xylene (1330-20-7)	water, intermittent release	0,327 mg/L	
xylene (1330-20-7)	water treatment plant	6,58 mg/L	
xylene (1330-20-7)	fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	
xylene (1330-20-7)	marine water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	
xylene (1330-20-7)	soil	2,31 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	soil	2,68 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	fresh water	0,1 mg/L	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	marine water	0,01 mg/L	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	water, intermittent release	0,1 mg/L	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	fresh water sediment	13,7 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	water treatment plant	9,6 mg/L	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	fresh water	1 mg/L	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	marine water	0,1 mg/L	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	soil	1 mg/kg	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	water, intermittent release	10 mg/L	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	water treatment plant	1 mg/L	

8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering control

Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure during identified uses

Use good personal hygiene practices – wash hands at breaks and when done working with material. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe vapours/aerosols. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Keep away from direct sun-light or other heat sources and sources of ignition.

Organisational measures to prevent exposure

Remove all contaminated clothes immediately and wash them before reuse.

Technical measures to prevent exposure

Provide good ventilation and local exhaust in areas with increased concentration.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment

Eye and face protection

Safety glasses with side protection (EN 166).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Hand protection

Protective gloves (EN 374). Observe the manufacturer's instructions regarding the use, storage, maintenance and replacement of gloves. In case of damage or at the first signs of wear and tear, change the gloves immediately. The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Appropriate materials

Material	Thickness	Penetration Time	Remark
chloroprene rubber	0,5 mm	480 min	
Nitrile	0,35 mm	480 min	
Butyl rubber	0,5 mm	480 min	
Viton (fluorinated rubber)	0,4 mm	480 min	

Skin protection

Cotton protective clothing and shoes that cover the entire foot (EN ISO 20345).

Respiratory protection

Wear suitable protective breathing mask (EN 136) with filter A2-P2 (EN 14387).

Thermal hazards

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8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

-	Physical state:	liquid
-	Colour:	brown
-	Odour:	solvent like

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Important health, safety and environmental information

-	pH	No information.
-	Melting point/freezing point	No information.
-	Initial boiling point/boiling range	138 – 142 °C
-	Flash point	ca. 25 °C (DIN ISO 22719)
-	Evaporation rate	No information.
-	Flammability (solid, gas)	No information.
-	Explosion limits (vol%)	1,1 – 6,6 vol %
-	Vapour pressure	No information.
-	Vapour density	3,7
-	Density	Density: ca. 1 g/cm ³ at 20 °C (DIN 51757)
-	Solubility	Water: Insoluble
-	Partition coefficient	No information.
-	Auto-ignition temperature	No information.
-	Decomposition temperature	No information.
-	Viscosity	Dynamic: ≤ 100 mPas
-	Explosive properties	No information.
-	Oxidising properties	No information.

9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

-	Remarks:	Isocyanates react with water.
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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY

Reacts with water: may cause overpressure in closed vessel (CO₂).

10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY

Product is stable under normal conditions of use, recommended handling and storage conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

Product reacts slowly with water, releasing CO₂, which can cause overpressure in closed containers. Danger of explosion.. MDI is not soluble in water and is heavier than water. It reacts with water, creating polyurea and CO₂.

10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Protect from heat, direct sunlight, open fire, sparks. Protect against electrostatic charge build-up.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Water, alcohols, amines, bases, and acids.

10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Under normal use conditions no hazardous decomposition products are expected. In case of fire/explosion vapours/gases that pose a health hazard are released. Carbon dioxide; Carbon monoxide.

Nitrogen oxides.

Hydrocarbons. HCN.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

(a) Acute toxicity

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	Value	Method	Remark
xylene (1330-20-7)	oral	LD ₅₀			2000 – 5000 mg/kg		
xylene (1330-20-7)	inhalation	LC ₅₀			10 – 20 mg/l		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	oral	LD ₅₀	rat		3500 mg/kg		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	dermal	LD ₅₀	rabbit		15354 mg/kg		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	inhalation	LC ₅₀	rat	4 h	17,2 mg/l		vapour
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	oral	LD ₅₀	rat		> 2000 mg/kg bw		read-across
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	dermal	LD ₅₀	rabbit	24 h	> 9400 mg/kg	OECD 402	read-across
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation (aerosol)	LC ₅₀	rat	1 h	> 2,24 mg/l	OECD 403	experimental value

Additional information: Harmful by inhalation and by skin contact.

(b) Skin corrosion/irritation

Name	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	rabbit		Irritating to skin.	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	24, 48, 72 h; read-across
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	human		Irritating.		weight of evidence

Additional information: Irritating to respiratory system, eyes and skin.

(c) Serious eye damage/irritation

Name	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	human		Irritating.		weight of evidence

(d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Name	Exposure route	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	dermal			May cause sensitisation by skin contact.		Literature
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation	Guinea pig (male/female)		May cause sensitisation by inhalation.		experimental value
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation	rat		May cause sensitisation by inhalation.		experimental value

Additional information: May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(e) (Germ cell) mutagenicity

Name	Type	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	in-vitro mutagenicity	Bacteria (<i>S. typhimurium</i>)		Negative.	OECD 471 (EU B. 12/13)	experimental value
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	in-vivo mutagenicity	rat	3 h	Negative.	OECD 474	experimental value

(f) Carcinogenicity

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	Value	Result	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEC	rat	728 days	1 mg/m ³	No effect	OECD 451 Carcinogenicity Studies	5 days per week, 6 hours per day; by analogy
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEL	rat (respiratory ways)	728 days	6 mg/m ³		OECD 451 Carcinogenicity Studies	5 days per week, 6 hours per day; by analogy

(g) Reproductive toxicity

Name	Reproductive toxicity type	Type	Species	Time	Value	Result	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Developmental toxicity	NOAEL (P)	rat (female)	10 days	4 mg/m ³	Maternal toxicity	OECD 414	6 h per day; by analogy
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Developmental toxicity	NOAEL (F1)	rat (female)	10 days	4 mg/m ³	Teratogenicity	OECD 414	6 h per day; by analogy

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Suspected of causing cancer.

(h) STOT-single exposure

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	Organ	Value	Result	Method	Remark
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	inhalation						Harmful by inhalation.		
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation		human						

(i) STOT-repeated exposure

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	Organ	Value	Result	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEC	rat	104 weeks		0,2 mg/m ³	No effect.	OECD 453	6 h per day, 5 days per week
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEC	rat	104 weeks	Respiratory tract	1 mg/m ³		OECD 453	6 h per day, 5 days per week

Additional information: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

(j) Aspiration hazard

No information.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. TOXICITY

12.1.1. Acute (short-term) toxicity

For product

Type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Organism	Method	Remark
LC ₅₀	> 1000 mg/L		fish			
LC ₅₀	> 100 mg/L		bacteria			

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Organism	Method	Remark
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (-) xylene (1330-20-7)	LC ₅₀	> 1,3 mg/L		fish			
	LC ₅₀	26,7 mg/L	96 h	fish	<i>Pimephales promelas</i>		
	LC ₅₀	16,9 mg/L	96 h	fish	<i>Carassius auratus</i>		
	LC ₅₀	20,9 mg/L	96 h	fish	<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>		
	LC ₅₀	34,7 mg/L	96 h	fish	<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>		
	EC ₅₀	1 mg/L	48 h	crustacea	<i>Daphnia magna</i>		
	IC ₅₀	2,2 mg/L	72 h	algae			
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	EC ₅₀	33 mg/L	72 h	algae			
	LC ₅₀	12 mg/L	96 h	fish			
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	LC ₅₀	> 1000 mg/L	96 h	fish	<i>Brachydanio rerio</i>	OECD 203	Static system, Fresh water, read-across
	EC ₅₀	129,7 mg/L	24 h	daphnia	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Static system, Fresh water, read-across
	EC ₅₀	> 1640 mg/L	72 h	Aquatic plants	<i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	OECD 201	Static system, Fresh water, read-across
	EC ₅₀	> 100 mg/L	3 h	microorganisms	Activated sludge	OECD 209 Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test	Static system, Fresh water, read-across

SAFETY DATA SHEET

12.1.2. Chronic (long-term) toxicity

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Organism	Method	Remark
xylene (1330-20-7)	NOEC	> 1,3 mg/l	56 days	fish			
	NOEC	0,96 mg/l	7 days	Magna Daphnia			
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	NOEC	6,8	48 h	Magna Daphnia	<i>Daphnia magna</i>		
	NOEC	3,3 mg/l	96 h	fish	<i>Menidia menidia</i>		
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	NOEC	≥ 10 mg/l	21 days	Magna Daphnia	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	OECD 211	semi-static, fresh water, read-across

12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

12.2.1. Abiotic degradation, physical- and photo-chemical elimination

No information.

12.2.2. Biodegradation

For product

Type	Rate	Time	Evaluation	Method	Remark
aerobic		28 days	Non-biodegradable		

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Type	Rate	Time	Evaluation	Method	Remark
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	aerobic				OECD 301 A (Modified AFNOR Test)	
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	aerobic		28 days	0 %	OECD 302C Test	read-across

Additional information

Contains non readily biodegradable component(s).

12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

12.3.1. Partition coefficient

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Media	Value	Temperature	pH	Concentration	Method
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Octanol-water (log Pow)	3,15				
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Octanol-water (log Pow)	4,51				

12.3.2. Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	species	Organism	Value	Duration	Evaluation	Method	Remark
xylene (1330-20-7)	BCF		25,9				
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	organism	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	92 – 200	4 weeks		OECD 305	experimental value

Additional information

No bioaccumulation expected.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

12.4.1. Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

No information.

12.4.2. Surface tension

No information.

12.4.3. Adsorption/Desorption

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Type	Criterion	Value	Evaluation	Method	Remark
'4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	Soil	Henry constant (H)	8,9E-7 Pa.m ³ / mol			25 °C

12.5. RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESSMENT

No evaluation.

12.6. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No information.

12.7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For product

Do not allow to reach ground water, water courses or sewage system.
Isocyanates react with water to form an insoluble polyurea.
Product is not classified as dangerous for environment.

For components

Substance: '4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Under normal use conditions no negative environmental effects expected.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

13.1.1. Product / Packaging disposal

Waste chemical

Disposal must be made according to official regulations: deliver it to authorised collector/remover/transformer of hazardous waste.
Do not allow product to reach drains/sewage systems.

Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW

08 05 01* - waste isocyanates

Packaging

Deliver completely emptied containers to approved waste disposal authorities. Uncleaned containers should not be perforated, cut or welded.

Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW

15 01 - packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)

13.1.2. Waste treatment-relevant information

-

13.1.3. Sewage disposal-relevant information

-

13.1.4. Other disposal recommendations

-

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SAFETY DATA SHEET

14.1. UN NUMBER

UN 1263

14.2. UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME

PAINT

14.3. TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES)

3

14.4. PACKING GROUP

III

14.5. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

NO.

14.6. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

Limited quantities

5 L

Tunnel restriction code

(D/E)

IMDG flashpoint

25 °C, c.c.

IMDG EmS

F-E, S-E



14.7. TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL AND THE IBC CODE

Goods may not be carried in bulk in bulk containers, containers or vehicles.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (including last amendment Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures

15.1.1. Information according 2004/42/EC about limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC-guideline)

EU limit values and category: A(h) 750 g/l. VOC Content: 350 g/l

SAFETY DATA SHEET

15.1.2. Special instructions

VOC data are indicated on the label if applicable.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XVII - Terms of restriction: 48 toluene - Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the general public.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XVII - Terms of restriction: 56 Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI):

1. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 December 2010, as a constituent of mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of MDI for supply to the general public, unless suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging:

(a) contains protective gloves which comply with the requirements of Council Directive 89/686/ EEC;

(b) is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows, and without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures:

„— Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.

— Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.

— This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.“

2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1(a) shall not apply to hot melt adhesives.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XVII - Terms of restriction: 74.

15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes

-

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

CEN - European Committee for Standardisation

C&L - Classification and Labelling

CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

CAS# - Chemical Abstracts Service number

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen, or Reproductive Toxicant

CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR - Chemical Safety Report

DMEL - Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

DPD - Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC

DSD - Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC

DU - Downstream User

EC - European Community

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency

EC-Number - EINECS and ELINCS Number (see also EINECS and ELINCS)

EEA - European Economic Area (EU + Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway)

EEC - European Economic Community

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS - European List of notified Chemical Substances

EN - European Standard

EQS - Environmental Quality Standard

EU - European Union

Euphrac - European Phrase Catalogue

EWC - European Waste Catalogue (replaced by LoW – see below)

GES - Generic Exposure Scenario

GHS - Globally Harmonized System

IATA - International Air Transport Association

ICAO-TI - Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMSBC - International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IT - Information Technology
IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC - International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
JRC - Joint Research Centre
Kow - octanol-water partition coefficient
LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
LE - Legal Entity
LoW - List of Wastes (see <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/framework/list.htm>)
LR - Lead Registrant
M/I - Manufacturer / Importer
MS - Member States
MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheet
OC - Operational Conditions
OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit
OJ - Official Journal
OR - Only Representative
OSHA - European Agency for Safety and Health at work
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
PEC - Predicted Effect Concentration
PNEC(s) - Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)
PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
(Q)SAR - Qualitative Structure Activity Relationship
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RIP - REACH Implementation Project
RMM - Risk Management Measure
SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
SDS - Safety data sheet
SIEF - Substance Information Exchange Forum
SME - Small and Medium sized Enterprises
STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity
(STOT) RE - Repeated Exposure
(STOT) SE - Single Exposure
SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern
UN - United Nations
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

MSDS, PARKETOLIT PR50, Mitol d.d., date: 29.10.2012

List of relevant H phrases

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer .
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

SAFETY DATA SHEET

The information of this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and meets the requirements of EU and national laws. The user's working conditions however, are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under Section 1 without a written permission. It remains the responsibility of the user to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to meet the laws and regulations. Handling of the product may only be done by people above 18 years of age, who are satisfactorily informed of how to do the work, the hazardous properties and necessary safety precautions. The information given in this SDS is to describe the product only in terms of health and safety requirements and should not, therefore, be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.