

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product name

MITOSOL 3905

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Relevant identified uses

Thinner

Uses advised against

No information.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

<u>Supplier</u>

MITOL, tovarna lepil, d.o.o., Sežana Address: Partizanska c. 78 Sežana, Slovenia Phone: +386 5 73 12 300 Fax: +386 5 73 12 390 E-mail: lilijana.kocjan@mitol.si Point of contact for safety info: Lilijana Kocjan Žorž

1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

112

+386 5 73 12 300 (8:00-16:00)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Causes serious eye irritation. STOT SE 3; H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



chemius.net/p3wb1



2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]



Signal word: Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

2.2.2. Contains:

ethyl acetate acetone

2.2.3. Special provisions

Special hazards are not known or expected.

2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

No information.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. SUBSTANCES

For mixtures see 3.2.

3.2. MIXTURES

Name	CAS EC Index	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)	Specific Conc. Limits	REACH Registration No.
ethyl acetate	141-78-6 205-500-4 607-022-00-5	80	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066		01-2119475103-46
acetone	67-64-1 200-662-2 606-001-00-8	20	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066		01-2119471330-49

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

General notes

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place patient in recovery position and ensure airway patency.



Following inhalation

Remove patient to fresh air - move out of dangerous area. If victim is not breathing give artificial respiration. If symptoms develop and persist, seek medical attention.

Following skin contact

Take off all contaminated clothing. Areas of the body that have come into contact with the product must be rinsed with water. If symptoms develop and persist, seek medical attention.

Following eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with running water, keeping eyelids apart. If irritation does not stop, seek professional medical treatment!

Following ingestion

Provoke vomiting only when patient is conscious. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Drink plenty of water in small sips. Consult a physician. Show the physician the safety data sheet or label.

4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Inhalation

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact

Causes irritation of mucous membrane. Repeated exposure may cause dry skin or cracked skin.

Eye contact

Redness, tearing, pain.

Ingestion

Irritates mucous membranes in the mouth, throat, esophagus and in gastrointestinal area.

4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Fire extinguishing powder. Extinguish large fires with water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Hazardous combustion products

5.3. ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Protective actions

In case of fire do not breathe fumes/gases. Cool containers at risk with water spray. If possible remove containers from endangered area. Prolonged heating can cause an explosion. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Use water spray to reduce vapors; vapor clouds of ethyl acetate can travel long distances and in contact with an ignition source can explode; material can burn on the water.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Firefighters should wear appropriate protective clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) (EN 469) and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece (EN 137).



Creation date: 9.12.2014

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment (Section 8).

Emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition and/or heat; No smoking! Prevent access to unprotected personnel. Do not use open fire and keep away all sources of ignition. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Do not allow product to reach water/drains/sewage systems or permeable soil. If accidental large entry into water or ground occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

6.3.1. For containment

.

6.3.2. For cleaning up

Absorb product (with inert material), collect it in special container and dispose it to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor.

6.3.3. Other information

6.4. REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS

See also Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

7.1.1. Protective measures

Measures to prevent fire

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. Use spark-proof tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation

Measures to protect the environment

7.1.2. Advice on general occupational hygiene

Use good personal hygiene practices – wash hands at breaks and when done working with material. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours/mist.

7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

7.2.1. Technical measures and storage conditions

Keep in cool and well ventilated area. Protect from open fire, heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep in well closed containers.



7.2.2. Packaging materials

Store only in original container.

7.2.3. Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

7.2.4. Storage class

7.2.5. Further information on storage conditions

7.3. SPECIFIC END USE(S)

Recommendations

Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

8.1.1. Occupational exposure limit values

Name (CAS)	Limit values		Short-term exposure limit		Remarks	Biological Tolerance Values	
	ml/m ³ (ppm)	mg/m ³	ml/m ³ (ppm)	mg/m ³			
Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	200	734	400	1468			
Acetone (67-64-1)	500	1210	1500	3620			

8.1.2. Information on monitoring procedures

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. BS EN 482:2021 Workplace exposure. Procedures for the determination of the concentration of chemical agents. Basic performance requirements.



8.1.3. DNEL/DMEL values

For components

Name	Туре	Exposure route	Exposure frequency	Value	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Worker	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	1468 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Worker	inhalation	short term (local effects)	1468 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Worker	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	63 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Worker	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	734 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Worker	inhalation	long term (local effects)	734 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (systemic effects)	734 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Consumer	inhalation	short term (local effects)	734 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Consumer	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	37 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	367 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Consumer	oral	long term (systemic effects)	4,5 mg/m ³	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (local effects)	367 mg/m ³	
acetone (67-64-1)	Worker	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	186 mg/kg bw/day	
acetone (67-64-1)	Worker	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	1210 mg/m ³	
acetone (67-64-1)	Worker	inhalation	short term (local effects)	2420 mg/m ³	
acetone (67-64-1)	Consumer	dermal	long term (systemic effects)	62 mg/kg bw/day	
acetone (67-64-1)	Consumer	inhalation	long term (systemic effects)	200 mg/m ³	
acetone (67-64-1)	Consumer	oral	long term (systemic effects)	62 mg/kg bw/day	

8.1.4. PNEC values

For components

Name	Exposure route	Value	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	fresh water	0,26 mg/L	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	marine water	0,026 mg/L	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	water, intermittent release	1,65 mg/L	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	water treatment plant	650 mg/L	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	fresh water sediment	1,25 mg/kg	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	marine water sediment	0,125 mg/kg	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	soil	0,24 mg/kg	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	food chain	200 mg/kg	oral
acetone (67-64-1)	marine water	1,06 mg/L	
acetone (67-64-1)	fresh water	10,6 mg/L	
acetone (67-64-1)	fresh water sediment	30,4 mg/kg	
acetone (67-64-1)	marine water sediment	3,04 mg/kg	
acetone (67-64-1)	soil	0,112 mg/kg	
acetone (67-64-1)	water treatment plant	29,5 mg/L	
acetone (67-64-1)	water, intermittent release	21 mg/L	

8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering control

Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure during identified uses

Use good personal hygiene practices – wash hands at breaks and when done working with material.

Technical measures to prevent exposure

Provide good ventilation and local exhaust in areas with increased concentration.



8.2.2. Personal protective equipment

Eye and face protection

Safety glasses with side protection (EN 166).

Hand protection

Protective gloves (EN 374).

Skin protection

Cotton protective clothing and shoes that cover the entire foot (EN ISO 20345:2011).

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection. Protective mask with organic vapour filter. Protective masks (EN 136) or half masks (EN 140) with filter A (EN 14387).

Thermal hazards

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

-	Physical state:	liquid
-	Colour:	colourless
-	Odour:	characteristic

Important health, safety and environmental information

۰.	рН	No information.
-	Melting point/freezing point	No information.
-	Initial boiling point/boiling range	> 35 °C
•	Flash point	< 0 °C
-	Evaporation rate	No information.
-	Flammability (solid, gas)	No information.
-	Explosion limits (vol%)	2,2 – 12,8 vol %
-	Vapour pressure	No information.
-	Vapour density	No information.
-	Density	No information.
-	Solubility	Water: Soluble
•	Partition coefficient	No information.
•	Auto-ignition temperature	No information.
-	Decomposition temperature	No information.
-	Viscosity	No information.
-	Explosive properties	Product is not self igniting. Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/ vapour mixtures are possible.
-	Oxidising properties	No information.
-	Particle characteristics	No information.

9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

- F	Remarks:	Soluble in alcohol, ether, chloroform
-----	----------	---------------------------------------



SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY

10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY

Product is stable under normal conditions of use, recommended handling and storage conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Protect from heat, direct sunlight, open fire, sparks.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Bases.

10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Under normal use conditions no hazardous decomposition products are expected. In case of fire/explosion vapours/gases that pose a health hazard are released.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008

(a) Acute toxicity

Name	Exposure route	Туре	Species	Time	Value	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	oral	LD ₅₀	rat		5600 mg/kg		
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	dermal	LD ₅₀	rabbit		18000 mg/kg		
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	inhalation	LC ₅₀	rat	8 h	58 mg/l		
acetone (67-64-1)	oral	LD ₅₀	rat		5800 mg/kg bw		
acetone (67-64-1)	dermal	LD_{50}	rat		> 15800 mg/kg bw		
acetone (67-64-1)	dermal	LD_{50}	rabbit		> 15800 mg/kg bw		
acetone (67-64-1)	inhalation	LC ₅₀	rat	4 h	76 mg/l		vapours
acetone (67-64-1)	inhalation	LC ₅₀	rat	4 h	76 ppmV		gas

(b) Skin corrosion/irritation

Name	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	rabbit		No irritant effect.		

(c) Serious eye damage/irritation

Name	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark		
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	rabbit		Mild irritating.	OECD 405, GLP			
acetone (67-64-1)			Severe irritation.	OECD 405, GLP			
acetone (67-64-1)			redness, pain, blurred vision, possible corneal damage				
Additional information: Irritating to eyes.							



(d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Name	Exposure route	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	dermal	guinea pig		Non sensitising.	OECD 406	
acetone (67-64-1)	dermal			Non sensitising.		

(e) (Germ cell) mutagenicity

Name	Туре	Species	Time	Result	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141- 78-6)	in-vitro mutagenicity	Chinese hamster ovary		Chromosome aberrations	OECD 473	experimental value
ethyl acetate (141- 78-6)	in-vitro mutagenicity	Bacteria (<i>S. typhimurium</i>)		Negative.	OECD 471 (EU B. 12/13)	Read across
ethyl acetate (141- 78-6)	in-vivo mutagenicity	hamster		Negative.	OECD 474	experimental value
ethyl acetate (141- 78-6)	in-vivo mutagenicity	mouse		Negative.	OECD 474	experimental value
acetone (67-64-1)				Not mutagenic.	OECD 471 (EU B. 12/13)	
acetone (67-64-1)				Not mutagenic.	OECD 473	
acetone (67-64-1)				Not mutagenic.	OECD 476	

(f) Carcinogenicity

Name	Exposure route	Туре	Species	Time	Value	Result	Method	Remark
acetone (67-64-1)	dermal	NOEL	mouse	357 days	79 mg	Not carcinogenic.		Literature

(g) Reproductive toxicity

Name	Reproductive toxicity type	Туре	Species	Time	Value	Result	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Maternal toxicity	NOAEL	rat		16000 ppm		OECD 414	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Teratogenicity	NOAEL	rat		20000 ppm		OECD 414	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Developmental toxicity	NOAEL	rat		20000 ppm		OECD 414	
acetone (67-64-1)	Reproductive toxicity					No effect	OECD 414	

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

No information.

(h) STOT-single exposure

Name	Exposure route	Туре	Species	Time	Organ	Value	Result	Method	Remark
acetone (67-64-1)	inhalation	-					sore throat, cough, state of confusion, headaches, vertigo, drowsiness, state of unconsciousness		
acetone (67-64-1)	oral	-					Simptoms: nausea, vomiting.		
acetone (67-64-1)	oral	-					sore throat, cough, state of confusion, headaches, vertigo, drowsiness, state of unconsciousness		
acetone (67-64-1)	inhalation						Irritates respiratory system.		
Additional	information	: May o	ause drov	wsines	s or diz	ziness.			



(i) STOT-repeated exposure

Name	Exposure route	Туре	Species	Time	Organ	Value	Result	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	oral	NOAEL	rat	13 weeks		900 mg/kg			
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	inhalation	LOAEL	rat	13 weeks		350 ppm			
acetone (67- 64-1)	-	-					may cause effects on the central nervous system, liver, kidneys and gastrointestinal tract		
acetone (67- 64-1)	dermal	-			skin		Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis.		
acetone (67- 64-1)	-	-					may have effects on the blood and bone marrow		
Additional in	formation: F	Repeated	exposure	may ca	ause ski	n dryne	ess or cracking.		-

(i) Aspiration hazard

No information.

11.2. INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS

<u>11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties</u>

No information.

11.2.2. Other information

No information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. TOXICITY

12.1.1. Acute (short-term) toxicity

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Туре	Value	Exposure time	Species	Organism	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	LC ₅₀	230 mg/L	96 h	fish	Pimephales promelas		
	ErC_{50}	3300 mg/L	48 h	algae	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
	NOEC	2900 mg/L	16 h	bacteria	Pseudomonas putida		
	EC_{50}	717 mg/L	48 h	crustacea	Daphnia magna	DIN 38412	
acetone (67-64-1)	LC ₅₀	5540 mg/L	96 h	fish	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
	LC ₅₀	11000 mg/L	96 h	fish	Alburnus alburnus		
	LC ₅₀	8800 mg/L	48 h	crustacea	Daphnia magna		
	NOEC	430 mg/L	96 h	algae			

12.1.2. Chronic (long-term) toxicity

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Туре	Value	Exposure time	Species	Organism	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	NOEC	< 9,65 mg/l	32 days	fish	Pimephales promelas		
	NOEC	2,4 mg/l	21 days	crustacea	Daphnia magna		
acetone (67-64-1)	NOEC	2212 mg/l	8 days	crustacea	Daphnia magna		



12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

12.2.1. Abiotic degradation, physical- and photo-chemical elimination

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Environment	Type / Method	Half Time	Evaluation	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	water	hydrolysis		poor		
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Air	photodegradation		slowly		

12.2.2. Biodegradation

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Туре	Rate	Time	Evaluation	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	aerobic	79 %	20 days	readily biodegradable	OECD 301 D	
acetone (67-64-1)	aerobic	91 %	28 days	readily biodegradable	OECD 301 B	
acetone (67-64-1)	COD	2,21 g O ₂ /g				

12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

12.3.1. Partition coefficient

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Media	Value	Temperature	pН	Concentration	Method
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Octanol-water (log Pow)	0,6				
acetone (67-64-1)	Octanol-water (log Pow)	-0,24	20 °C			

12.3.2. Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	species	Organism	Value	Duration	Evaluation	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	organism	fish	30				
acetone (67-64-1)	BCF		3				Calculated value

12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

12.4.1. Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Air	Water	Soil	Sediment	(Aquatic) Biota	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	51,3	35,3	13,3	0,27		Mackay level 3	

12.4.2. Surface tension

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Value	Temperature	Concentration	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	0,024 N/m	20 °C			

12.4.3. Adsorption/Desorption

For components

Substance (CAS Nr.)	Туре	Criterion	Value	Evaluation	Method	Remark
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Soil	Henry constant (H)	0,00012 Pa.m ³ / mol			
acetone (67-64-1)	Soil	log KOC	0,17			20 °C
acetone (67-64-1)	Soil	Henry constant (H)	2929 – 3070 Pa.m ³ / mol			25 °C

12.5. RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESSMENT

No evaluation.



12.6. ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES

No information.

12.7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For product

Do not allow to reach ground water, water courses or sewage system.

For components

Substance: ethyl acetate

Not expected to adsorb on soil. After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be slowly degraded by photochemical processes. Bioaccumulation is low. Very mobile in soil. The product will be dispersed amongst the various environmental compartments (soil/ water/ air). This substance is not PBT-/vPvB..

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

13.1.1. Product / Packaging disposal

Waste chemical

Disposal must be made according to official regulations: deliver it to authorised collector/remover/transformer of hazardous waste.

Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW

14 06 03* - other solvents and solvent mixtures

Packaging

Deliver completely emptied containers to approved waste disposal authorities.

Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW

15 01 - packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)

13.1.2. Waste treatment-relevant information

13.1.3. Sewage disposal-relevant information

-

13.1.4. Other disposal recommendations

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN NUMBER OR ID NUMBER

UN 1993

14.2. UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetone, ethyl acetate)

14.3. TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES)

3

14.4. PACKING GROUP

П

14.5. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

NO.





14.6. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

Limited quantities

1 L

Tunnel restriction code

(D/E)

IMDG flashpoint

0 °C, c.c.

IMDG EmS

F-E, <u>S-E</u>

14.7. MARITIME TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO IMO INSTRUMENTS

Goods may not be carried in bulk in bulk containers, containers or vehicles.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (including last amendment Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures

<u>15.1.1. Information according 2004/42/EC about limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds</u> (VOC-guideline)

Not applicable.

15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE - Acute Tox	cicity Estimate
-----------------	-----------------

- ADR Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
- CEN European Committee for Standardisation
- C&L Classification and Labelling
- CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- CAS# Chemical Abstracts Service number
- CMR Carcinogen, Mutagen, or Reproductive Toxicant
- CSA Chemical Safety Assessment
- CSR Chemical Safety Report
- DMEL Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL Derived No Effect Level
- DPD Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC
- DSD Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC
- DU Downstream User
- EC European Community
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency
- EC-Number EINECS and ELINCS Number (see also EINECS and ELINCS)

EEA - European Economic Area (EU + Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway)

EEC - European Economic Community

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances



ELINCS - European List of notified Chemical Substances EN - European Standard EQS - Environmental Quality Standard EU - European Union Euphrac - European Phrase Catalogue EWC - European Waste Catalogue (replaced by LoW - see below) GES - Generic Exposure Scenario GHS - Globally Harmonized System IATA - International Air Transport Association ICAO-TI - Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods IMSBC - International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes IT - Information Technology IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database IUPAC - International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry JRC - Joint Research Centre Kow - octanol-water partition coefficient LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose) LE - Legal Entity LoW - List of Wastes (see http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/framework/list.htm) LR - Lead Registrant M/I - Manufacturer / Importer MS - Member States MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheet **OC** - Operational Conditions OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development **OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit** OJ - Official Journal **OR** - Only Representative OSHA - European Agency for Safety and Health at work PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance PEC - Predicted Effect Concentration PNEC(s) - Predicted No Effect Concentration(s) PPE - Personal Protection Equipment (Q)SAR - Qualitative Structure Activity Relationship REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail **RIP - REACH Implementation Project** RMM - Risk Management Measure SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus SDS - Safety data sheet SIEF - Substance Information Exchange Forum SME - Small and Medium sized Enterprises STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) RE - Repeated Exposure (STOT) SE - Single Exposure SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern UN - United Nations vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative Key literature references and sources for data

List of relevant H phrases

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



The information of this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and meets the requirements of EU and national laws. The user's working conditions however, are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under Section 1 without a written permission. It remains the responsibility of the user to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to meet the laws and regulations. Handling of the product may only be done by people above 18 years of age, who are satisfactorily informed of how to do the work, the hazardous properties and necessary safety precautions. The information given in this SDS is to describe the product only in terms of health and safety requirements and should not, therefore, be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.